1 Neighborhood Context



Neighborhood Structure
Street Character Framework
Transportation Assessment
Community Identity

The Columbia Heights Neighborhood

Columbia Heights is changing rapidly as it attracts new housing, significant retail development and an influx of new residents.

The primary commercial corridor of the neighborhood, 14th Street NW, was significantly damaged in the 1968 riots following the assassination of Martin Luther King Jr. Re-investment in the neighborhood core over the following thirty years has been minimal.

In 1997, residents and stakeholders in Columbia Heights participated in a community charrette to create a redevelopment strategy for the neighborhood. Since the charrette, the neighborhood has been the focus of a major neighborhood redevelopment effort by the government of the District of Columbia and other public development entities, including the National Capital Revitalization Corporation (NCRC), the RLA Revitalization Corporation (RLA) and the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority.

In 1999, WMATA opened the Columbia Heights Metro Station. This has helped connect the area to the rest of the region through the Green Line rail service and has increased the livability

This chapter provides a summary assessment of the neighborhood and is divided into three sections: Neighborhood Structure, Street Character Framework, and Community Identity.

- The Neighborhood Structure section provides an overview of the study area.
- The Street Character Framework identifies the hierarchy of streets in the neighborhood and provides a summary of the the Transportation Plan
- The Community Identity section summarizes the public workshops held to understand residents' concerns and desires for the public realm and redevelopment in the neighborhood.

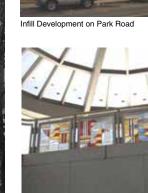


Neighborhood Art



Redevelopment Site along 14th Street





The Green Line Metro Station



14th Street Commercial Corridor, 1940s



14th Street, NW, April 1968



West side of 14th Street NW, 2003



Columbia Heights Station Eas

Neighborhood Gateway at 16th Street



A Community Based Plan for the Columbia Heights Metro Station Area, 1997



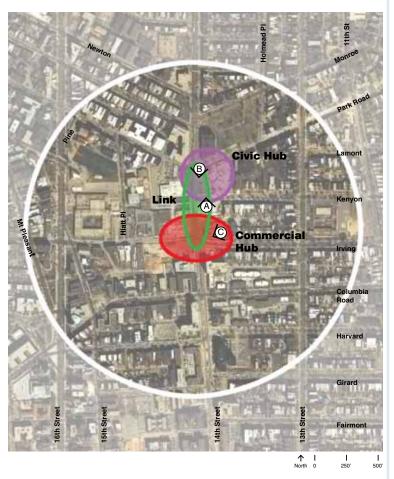
(A) The Civic Hub Looking toward the Civic Hub Site from the south along 14th St



B The Link 14th St. looking south from the Civic Hub Site



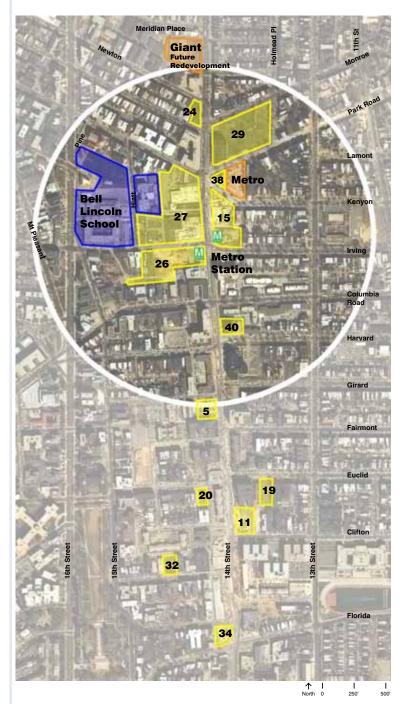
The Commercial Hub The west side of 14th St. and Irving St.



The Public Realm Framework recommendations build on the Core Concept Diagram (above) and the principles identified in A Community-Based Plan for the Columbia Heights Metro Station Area, completed in 1997. The principles in bold italics are specifically addressed in the Framework's recommendations.

The Underlying Principles of the 1997 Plan

- Development should serve residents first, then tourists and other visitors.
- Community-oriented retail stores and services should be given priority
- 3. Land use and location decisions should be designed to create a lively, wellshaded streetscape, both day and night.
- 4. Operating hours of shops, movie theaters and restaurants should be coordinated, and the location and hours of vendors managed to allow this to happen
- 5. Facades of new structures should be aligned at the sidewalk edge, not farther
- Parking should be underground or hidden behind retail structures.
- Ground level properties facing 14th Street should be retail, restaurants or other lively walk-in uses.
- 8. Large retail establishments should have a minimum street frontage. No blank facades allowed.
- 9. There should be some form of plaza or green space.
- New structures should be architecturally compatible with older ones; their scales 10. should blend. Existing zoning heights and densities should be maintained.
- 11. Vehicular traffic flow should be improved.
- The Tivoli Theater should be restored and/or adapted for re-use. 12.
- 13. The international ambiance of the neighborhood should be developed as a
- 14. Demolition of existing structures should be controlled.
- 15. Rehabilitating existing housing should take precedence over new construction.
- A one-stop community services center should be developed along with a police 16. substation and a new post office.
- 17. Innovative ways of dealing with crime and personal security problems are needed.
- 18. There should be two focal points along 14th Street; a civic & cultural heart in the Tivoli Area, and a commercial heart at the Metro Station.
- 19. Consideration should be given to upgrading and enhancing the existing educational institutions so they can meet the needs of the entire community.



Redevelopment Activity

(RLARC Development Parcels identified in yellow)

There are approximately fourteen acres in various stages of development within walking distance of the Columbia Heights Metro station. The projected development includes over 600 new housing units, approximately 650,000 square feet of retail space, 30,000 square feet of office space, approximately 2000 parking spaces and a new 800 student public middle and high school.

Parcel Number Parcel 24 Parcel 29 Parcel 27 Parcel 38

Project Dance Institute Tivoli Partners DC USA Civic Plaza Site Triangle, II
Columbia Heights
Ventures

Parcel 40 Parcel 5 Parcel 19 & 32 Parcel 11 Parcel 20 & 34

Parcels 15 & 26

Urban League NPCDC Triangle, II Duron, Inc. In Progress



Existing Zoning

The existing zoning and land uses in the neighborhood support the development of 14th Street as the commercial core surrounded by residential development.

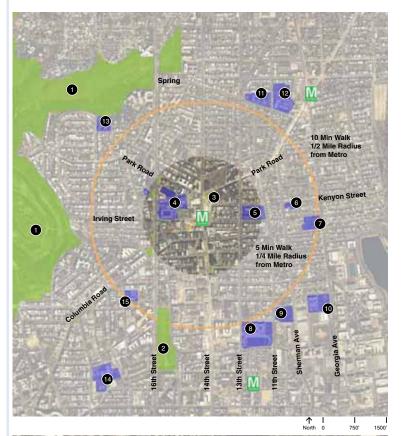




Existing and Proposed Land Uses

Residential
Mixed-Use (P=Proposed)
Commercial
Institutional





Neighborhood **Public Open Space, Schools and Libraries**

The neighborhood includes numerous schools within close proximity to the Metro station and a wealth of civic institutions that reflect the diversity of the community.

- Bock Creek Park
- Meridian Hill Park
- Future Civic Plaza
- Bell Multicultural SHS / Lincoln Middle School
- Tubman Elementary School
- Bruce School
- Bruce-Monroe Elementary School Cardozo Senior High School

- 8 Cardozo Senior High School
 9 Meyer Elementary School
 10 Banneker Senior High School
 11 Paul Robeson Special Education School
 12 Raymond Elementary School
- 13 Bancroft Elementary School
- 14 Marie Reed Learning Center15 H.D. Cooke Elementary School
- 16 Mt. Pleasant Library

National Baptist Church

Community Assets

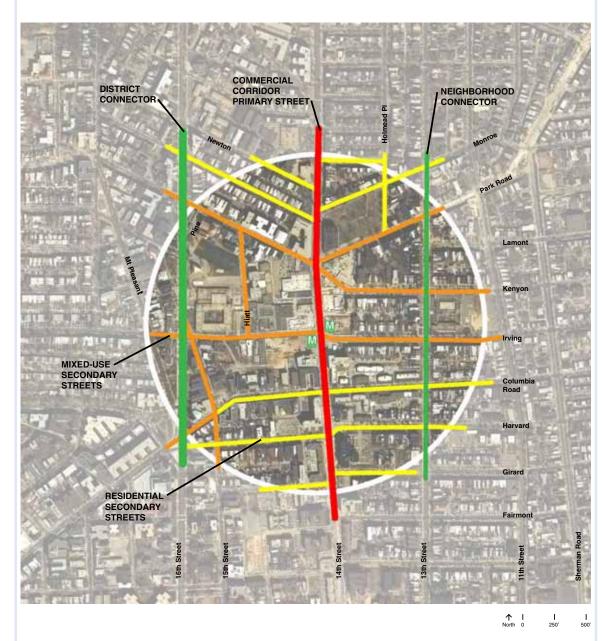
- Calvary Casa del Pueblo United Methodist Church, Rorscharch Theater Central American Resource Center
- The Next Step Public Charter School
- Latin American Youth Center Calvary Multicultural Center
- All Souls Unitarian Church
- La Clinica del Pueblo Second Genesis Help for Addiction
- Capitol City Public Charter School (above CVS)
- Church of Christ
- Harriet Tubman Elementary School
- Easter Seal Society Child Development Center
- Village II Early Childhood Development Center True Family Education Center of D.C.
- DC Department of Parks & Recreation Headquarters
- Mount Pleasant Public Library
- Meridian Hill Baptist Church
 Neighbor's Consejo Community Center
 Barbara Chambers Children's Center

- 19 La Casa
 20 Bell Multicultural High School
 21 Shrine of the Sacred Heart Catholic Church
- Elsie Whitlow Stokes Community Freedom Public Charter School Sacred Heart School
- Canaan Baptist Church
- 25 Spanish Catholic Center26 The Family Place
- Catholic Charities McKenna House
- 28 Kelsey Temple Church of God in Christ
- 29 Mt Rona Baptist Church
- 30 Lincoln School
- 31 DC Fire Department 32 Development Corporation of Columbia Heights, DCCH
- The Greater Washington Urban League (future
- site) 34 Tivoli Theater
- 35 St Stephens





Street Character Framework



Different types and intensities of land use have different urban design requirements. The Street Character Framework illustrates the classification and hierarchy of the public street system in the neighborhood and ensures that streets with different use and transportation functions are appropriately linked and guides the development of pedestrian amenities.

The Appendix also includes an assessment of the physical characteristics of each street within 1/4 mile of the Metro station in order to provide a basis for guiding future improvements. Summary findings from the concurrent Transportation Plan for each street are also included.

Source: Cambridge Systematics

Transportation Plan Summary Assessment of Existing Conditions

Congestion & Level of Service - A.M. Peak



Congestion & Level of Service - P.M. Peak



Congestion & Level of Service - Weekend Mid-Day



F



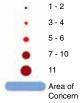
Automobile Crashes 1999 - 2001



Pedestrian Counts 24 Hour



Pedestrian Crashes and Potential Safety **Issue Areas** 1997 - 2001



The diagrams above summarize the Transportation Plan's assessment of existing conditions. Key findings which have informed the development of the Public Realm Framework include:

5 - 14

15 - 24

25 - 34

- Intersections along 16th Street and the north end of 14th Street in the study area have the most congestion and lowest level of service. 14th Street in the core area currently provides an acceptable level of service
- The intersections with the highest number of automobile crashes are: 16th Street / Park Road, 16th Street / Irving Street, 14th Street / Park Road / Kenyon Street, and 13th Street / Columbia Road
- The intersection of 14th Street / Park Road / Kenyon has the highest pedestrian volume in the neighborhood followed by 14th Street / Irving St, 16th Street / Irving Street, and 14th Street / Columbia Road
- The highest number of pedestrian crashes occurs at the intersection of 16th Street / Irving Street. There are two potential safety issue areas: 16th Street between Harvard Street and Park Road, and 14th Street between Irving Street and Park Road.



Community Identity

A public realm which strengthens the identity of the Columbia Heights neighborhood is essential. To build upon the qualities of the existing neighborhood, a series of meetings with the Advisory Committee and a public workshop were held to provide opportunities for resident input.

The public workshop had two purposes. Maps and icon cards were used to hear from residents about their concerns and desires for physical improvements to the public realm: in particular, the 14th Street Corridor, the Civic Plaza and the adjacent streets. The workshop was also used to capture residents' impressions of the qualities and characteristics of Columbia Heights to help serve as a foundation for future improvements to the public realm.

Icon Cards - An Initial Menu



These icon cards, in addition to blank cards, were used by the community to identify concerns and opportunities for development of the public realm. Community members place cards on large maps to identify where these concerns and opportunities

The Public Workshop















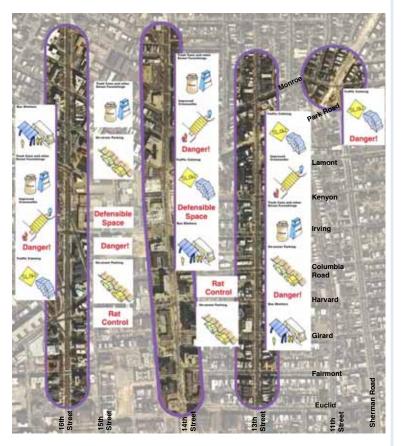
Neighborhood Issues

Summary:

- The north-south streets 16th, 14th and 13th streets - need improved intersections and traffic calming.
- intersections and traffic calming.

 Street furnishings, such as trash cans and bus shelters are needed at select locations along the north-south streets.

 On-street parking on the Park Road and
- On-street parking on the Park Hoad and Columbia causes problems with through traffic.
- East-west streets with high pedestrian volumes need to have trash cans and better lighting for personal safety.



Neighborhood Gateways

Summary:

- Neighborhood residents identified western gateways along 16th Street, north and south gateways along 14th Street and eastern gateways at 13th Street and Sherman Road.
- The Green Line Metro entrance is also identified as a gateway.





Potential Enhancements along 14th Street NW

Summary:

- Several intersections along 14th were identified as potiential locations for community enhancements, including: the triangular park at Oak Street, the existing Giant parking lot and the park at
 Circuit. Girard.
- The intersections at Irving St, Columbia Road and Park Road should be identifiable as special intersections in
- identifiable as special intersections in the neighborhood. The Metro plazas should be enhanced with better bus facilities, public art and adjacent development which supports transit ridership.



Potential Elements in the Civic Plaza

Summary:

· Residents suggested that the civic plaza should be designed to accommodate opportunities for people watching, musical performances and special events, such as the farmers market. The design of the plaza should also reflect the diversity of the neighborhood with public art, unique signage and adajacent uses which enrich the plaza.

Note: The numbers in red identify the frequency selected for each element by the residents.



Neighborhood Recreation Opportunities

Summary:

 Residents suggested that enhancements to existing parks and school grounds should provide recreational opportunities in the neighborhood.



Desired Landscape Enhancements

Summary:

- Residents identified the desire for enhanced landscaping at the existing parks in the neighborhoods.
 Residents also identified the desire for additional street trees along the main east-west pedestrian streets in the neighborhood.



Defining Community Identity

The primary strategy of this plan has been to capture the essential and evolving character of Columbia Heights and to identify a 'design character' for the public realm.

The community identified the following neighborhood characteristics:

- a commitment to embrace the extraordinary cultural and economic diversity
- a sense of enthusiasm and vitality for the public realm
- a spirit of openness and tolerance
- an interest in promoting development which respects its past while looking forward to the future.

The residents also identified the following attributes:

- Multi-ethnic / multi-cultural district
- A neighborhood with historic qualities Quality residential fabric
- Commercial crossroads
- 'Sub-district' cultural/arts center
- Place of evolving / dynamic cultural / physical change
- Active neighborhood public involvement
- Public education cores: Bell, Lincoln, Cardozo
- Mass-transit-station hub / transit-oriented development
- Hilltop prominence / views to monumental core.

Community Identity

The community was also asked for words which describe the atmosphere of Columbia Heights. Their words have been organized into the categories shown below.

1. Cultural

multi-cultural multi-economic melting-pot humanity community oriented multi-ethnic multi-generational mix of faces familiar faces 'kaleido-cultural' neighborhood multi-lingual

2. Ambience / Atmospheric

Viva! 'a lot going on' crossroads sense of conflict unrefined vibrancy urban crowds edgy-tension uncut/raw vitality density 'spike lee joint' chaos skyline

3. Social

'kaleidoscope' tolerance open colors multi-purpose/use welcoming accommodating old/new shapes flexible accepting diverse contrasts non-linear rooftops multi-generational

4. Temporal / Changing

changing evolving history/ic emerging revival 'renaissance'

5. Humanitarian

soulful personal intimate

we/the people as 'art' people focused (not object)







